| JAN 3 0 7007 | t and Trademark Office | UNITED STATES DEPAR United States Patent and Address: COMMISSIONER F P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22: www.uspto.gov | Trademark Office OR PATENTS |
|--|------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| APPLICATION TO THE PROPERTY OF | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
| 10/615,134 07/08/2003 | Waldemar Brinkis | 502901-155 | 8115 |
| 7590 01/22/2007 COHEN, PONTANI, LIEBERMAN & | | EXAM | INER |
| Suite1210 | | RODELA, E | DUARDO A |
| 555 Fifth Avenue New York, NY 10176 | · | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | 2826 | |
| | | | |
| SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE | MAIL DATE | DELIVER | Y MODE |
| 3 MONTHS | 01/22/2007 | DAT | CD |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

| | | Applicati | on No. | Applicant(s) | |
|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| | | 10/615,1 | 34 | BRINKIS ET AL. | |
| | Office Action Summary | Examine | | Art Unit | |
| | | Eduardo / | | 2826 | |
| Period fo | The MAILING DATE of this commur r Reply | ication appears on th | e cover sheet with the d | correspondence address | |
| WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any I | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE Masions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this com- period for reply is specified above, the maximum set to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | AAILING DATE OF TI s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no ex nunication. tatutory period will apply and v y will, by statute, cause the app | HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be ting ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from blication to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | |
| Status | | | | | |
| 1)⊠ | Responsive to communication(s) fil | ed on 13 November 2 | 2006. | | |
| | • | 2b)⊠ This action is i | | | |
| , | Since this application is in condition | for allowance excep | t for formal matters, pr | osecution as to the merits is | |
| , | closed in accordance with the pract | | | | |
| Dispositi | on of Claims | | | | |
| 4) | Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the | application. | | | |
| | 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>13-24</u> is/a | re withdrawn from co | nsideration. | 0 | |
| 5) | Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | denlen Ton | ~ |
| 6)⊠ | Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected. | | | Minhloan Tran | · |
| 7) | Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | Primary Examiner | |
| 8)[| Claim(s) are subject to restr | ction and/or election | requirement. | Art Unit 2826 | |
| Applicat | ion Papers | | | | |
| 9)□ | The specification is objected to by the | ne Examiner. | | | |
| , — | The drawing(s) filed on <u>17 October</u> | | cepted or b) objecte | d to by the Examiner. | |
| ,, | Applicant may not request that any obj | | | | |
| | Replacement drawing sheet(s) including | g the correction is requi | red if the drawing(s) is o | bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | |
| 11) | The oath or declaration is objected | to by the Examiner. N | lote the attached Offic | e Action or form PTO-152. | |
| Priority (| under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | |
| | Acknowledgment is made of a clain ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: | n for foreign priority u | nder 35 U.S.C. § 119(a | a)-(d) or (f). | |
| | 1. Certified copies of the priority | | | | |
| | 2. Certified copies of the priority | | | | |
| | 3. Copies of the certified copies | • | | ed in this National Stage | |
| | application from the Internati | • | * ** | | |
| * (| See the attached detailed Office acti | on for a list of the cer | tified copies not receiv | red. | |
| AM | | | | | |
| Attachme | nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) | | 4) Interview Summar | v (PTO-413) | |
| | ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review | (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail I | Date | |
| | mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08 er No(s)/Mail Date <u>7/8/03</u> . |) | 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other: | Patent Application | |
| | | | | | |

Art Unit: 2826

DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is in response to the Election response filed November 13, 2006. Group I (claims 1-12) has been elected.

Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement filed July 8, 2003 fails to comply with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97, 1.98 and MPEP § 609 because several foreign patent documents referenced have not been translated to English. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered as to the merits. Applicant is advised that the date of any re-submission of any item of information contained in this information disclosure statement or the submission of any missing element(s) will be the date of submission for purposes of determining compliance with the requirements based on the time of filing the statement, including all certification requirements for statements under 37 CFR 1.97(e). See MPEP § 609.05(a).

Drawings

The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the plurality of power and/or electronic components of claims 1, 7, 8-10, and 12 (also the details of the stacked orientation of this claim), must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended

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replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mattman et al. (EP 1 249 869) in view of Asai et al. (US 4,521,476) and Liederbach (US 3,714,709).

Regarding claim 1, Mattmann shows an electronics unit, comprising: a low multi-point metallic mount [1];

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an insulating layer [2] arranged on said mount;

a conductor track system [4,5,6,7, which is a thick film type conductor, see English abstract] on said insulating layer [2]; and

electronic power components [9, it is well known to use several power devices in a single circuit or system, see elements 66 of Figure 14 of Morita et al. (Us 2002/0074651)] arranged on said conductor track system [4,5,6,7]. Mattmann does not show an insulating layer comprises a sintered electrically insulating polymer layer and also does not specify the conductor track system is comprised of a sintered glass frit with a noble metal filling. Asai shows (e.g. Figures 5-8) an insulating layer comprises a sintered [it is well known in the art that epoxies are cured by the application of heat, see line 7 of paragraph 0030 of Sakamoto et al. (US 2002/0020554)] electrically insulating polymer layer [1, which is used to connect conductor tracks 3' to metal base 8]. Asai teaches the benefits of having an insulating layer which is comprised of a sintered electrically insulating polymer layer as a material which can be used to permit high heat conductivity [column 2: line 60 to column 3: line 4]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the insulating layer comprising a sintered electrically insulating polymer layer arranged on said mount in the invention of Mattman as suggested by Asai because the insulating layer can be used to permit high heat conductivity. Liederbach shows an electronic system which has a conductor track system [4,6,8,10,12,14] is comprised of a sintered glass frit with a noble metal filling [column 3: lines 8-31]. Liederbach teaches the benefit of using a conductor track system is comprised of a sintered glass frit with a noble metal filling to

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allow for screen printing pattern transfer [column 2: lines 55-65]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the conductor track system is comprised of a sintered glass frit with a noble metal filling in the invention of Mattmann as suggested by Liederbach to allow for screen printing pattern transfer.

Regarding claim 2, Mattmann in view of Asai and Liederbach show the electronics unit of claim 1. Liederbach, wherein said noble metal filling comprises one of a silver filling and a filling containing silver [column 3: lines 8-31].

Regarding claim 3, Mattmann in view of Asai and Liederbach show the electronics unit of claim 1. In addition, Liederbach shows wherein said glass frit is a low melting-point glass frit [shows the use of borosilicate glass frit, column 3: lines 22-27, which is well known to be a low melting point glass, see column 7: lines 18-27 of Pryor et al. (US 4,821,151)].

Regarding claim 4, Mattmann in view of Asai and Liederbach show the electronics unit of claim 2. In addition, Liederbach shows wherein said glass frit is a low melting-point glass frit [shows the use of borosilicate glass frit, column 3: lines 22-27, which is well known to be a low melting point glass, see column 7: lines 18-27 of Pryor et al. (US 4,821,151)].

Regarding claim 5, Mattmann in view of Asai and Liederbach show the electronics unit of claim 1. In addition, Mattmann shows wherein said mount [1] is

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made of a material from the group consisting of aluminum and an aluminum alloy [see

English abstract].

Regarding claim 6, Mattmann in view of Asai and Liederbach show the electronics unit of claim 1. In addition, Mattmann shows wherein said mount [1] comprises cooling ribs [protrusions on bottom surface].

Regarding claim 7, Mattmann in view of Asai and Liederbach show the electronics unit of claim 1. In addition, Mattmann shows wherein said power components [3] comprise at least one of power semiconductor elements and driver components [see English abstract].

Regarding claim 8, Mattmann in view of Asai and Liederbach show the electronics unit of claim 1. In addition, Mattmann shows comprising at least one of electrical and electronic components [9] arranged on the conductor track system [between 6 and 7].

Regarding claim 9, Mattmann in view of Asai and Liederbach show the electronics unit of claim 8. In addition, Mattmann shows wherein said power components [3] and said at least one of electrical and electronic components [9] are conductively connected to the conductor track system by bonding [both are bonded to conductor tracks 4,6,7].

Regarding claim 10, Mattmann in view of Asai and Liederbach show the electronics unit of claim 1. In addition, Mattmann shows wherein said power components [3] and said at least one of electrical and electronic components [9] are

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conductively connected to the conductor track system by bonding [both are bonded to conductor tracks 4,6,7].

Regarding claim 11, Mattmann in view of Asai and Liederbach show the electronics unit of claim 1. In addition, Asai shows wherein said electrically insulating polymer layer [1] has a thickness of about >20 um [column 4: lines 52-55].

Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mattman et al. (EP 1 249 869) in view of Asai et al. (US 4,521,476) and Liederbach (US 3,714,709) in further view of Akram (US 6,417,027).

Regarding claim 12, Mattmann in view of Asai and Liederbach show the electronics unit of claim 1. Mattmann, Asai, and Liederbach do not show:

a further insulating layer comprising a sintered polymer arranged on said conductor track system and on said electronic power components; a further conductor track system comprising a sintered glass frit with noble metal filling arranged on said further insulating layer; and further electronic power components arranged on said further conductor track system. Akram shows (e.g. Figures 1-4 and 8) a further insulating layer comprising a sintered polymer [insulator portion of 12, column 4: lines 23-35, uses polyimide, which is well known as a thermosetting material, see column 9: lines 24-29 of Meissner et al. (US 5,264,326)] arranged on a conductor track system [25] and on electronic power components [14]; a further conductor track system [portion of 12, made of conductive polymer thick film, column 4: lines 46-52]; and

further electronic power components [14, column 4: lines 15-25] arranged on said further conductor track system [12]. Akram teaches the benefits of stacking insulators,

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conductor tracks, and extra devices to facilitate high density stacking of semiconductor devices [column 1: lines 15-18] as suggested by Akram. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the further insulating layer comprising a sintered polymer arranged on said conductor track system and on said electronic power components; a further conductor track system arranged on said further insulating layer; and further electronic power components arranged on said further conductor track system in the invention of Mattmann in view of Asai and Liederbach as suggested by Akram in order to facilitate high density stacking of semiconductor devices. Akram does not show the specific constituents of the polymer thick film conductor track system. However, Liederbach discloses that sintered glass frit with a noble metal filling is a known material for conductive polymer thick films. The applicant is reminded in this regard that it has been held that mere selection of known materials generally understood to be suitable to make a device, the selection of the particular material being on the basis of suitability for the intended use, would be

Fax / Telephone Information

entirely obvious. In re Leshin 125 USPQ 416.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eduardo A. Rodela whose telephone number is (571) 272-8797. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 9:00AM-5:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wael Fahmy can be reached on (571) 272-1705. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Page 9

Application/Control Number: 10/615,134

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Eduardo A. Rodela Examiner

E.R.

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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| Substitute for Form 1449/PTO | Comp | plete if Known |
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| | Application Number | 10/615 134 |
| INFORMATION DISCLOSURE | Filing Date | 7/8/03 |
| | First Named Inventor | Waldemar BRINKIS |
| STATEMENT BY APPLICANT | Art Unit | 2826 |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) | Examiner Name | Rodela, E. |
| Sheet I of 2 | Attorney Docket Number | 502901-155 |

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| Examiner Initials* | Cite No. ¹ | Foreign Patent Document Country Code* Number* Kind-Code 5 (if known) | Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY | Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document | Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear | T | | | |
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| ı | Г | | Date | 12/14/2006 |
| ı | Examiner | /Pdd. D.d.l./ | | 12/14/2006 |
| ı | Signature | /Eduardo Rodela/ | Considered | -· • • |
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^{*}EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. 'Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). 'See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPEP 901.04. 'Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). 'For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. 'Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST. 16 if possible. 'Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to fife (and by the USP10 to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USP10. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231.

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| Substitute for Form 1449/PTO | Co | mplete if Known |
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| | Application Number | 10/615134 |
| THEODINATION DISCLOSUD | Filing Date | 7/8/03 |
| INFORMATION DISCLOSURI | LIIZI IASIIICO IIIACIIIOI | Waldemar BRINKIS |
| STATEMENT BY APPLICANT | Art Unit | 2826 |
| (Use as many sheets as necessary) | Examiner Name | Rodela, E. |
| Sheet 2 of 2 | Attorney Docket Number | 502901-155 |

| NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS Examiner Initials* Cite Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of T' | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Examiner Initials* | Cite No. ¹ | the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published. | | | | | |
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| Examiner Signature | /Eduardo Rodela/ | Date Considered | 12/14/2006 |
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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 2023, DO NOT SEND RESE OF COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 2023. DC 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231.

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Notice of References Cited Application/Control No. 10/615,134 Examiner Eduardo A. Rodela Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination BRINKIS ET AL. Page 1 of 1

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*A copy of this reference is not being furnished with this Office action. (See MPEP § 707.05(a).) Dates in MM-YYYY format are publication dates. Classifications may be US or foreign.

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(11) EP 1 249 869 A2

(12)

EUROPÄISCHE PATENTANMELDUNG

(43) Veröffentlichungstag:

16.10.2002 Patentblatt 2002/42

(51) Int Cl.7: H01L 23/373

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(22) Anmeldetag: 10.04.2002

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Benannte Erstreckungsstaaten:

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(30) Priorität: 12.04.2001 DE 10118384

(71) Anmelder: SIEMENS AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT 80333 München (DE)

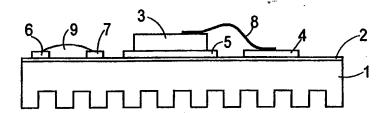
(72) Erfinder:

Mattmann, Erich
 55262 Heidesheim (DE)

Thyzel, Bernd
 61479 Schlossborn (DE)

(54) Anordnung zur Kühlung eines Leistungs-Halbleiterelementes

(57) Bei einer Anordnung zur Kühlung eines Leistungs-Halbleiterelementes ist vorgesehen, daß auf einem Aluminiumträger eine Isolierschicht aus keramischem Werkstoff aufgebracht ist, auf welcher das Leistungs-Halbleiterelement angeordnet ist. Die Isolierschicht kann mit einem plasmachemischen Verfahren aufgebracht sein.



EP 1 249 869 A2

Beschreibung

Anordnung zur Kühlung eines Leistungs-Halbleiterelementes

[0001] Die Erfindung betrifft eine Anordnung zur Kühlung eines Leistungs-Halbleiterelementes.

[0002] Zur Ableitung der in Leistungs-Halbleiterelementen entstehenden Wärme werden meist Kühlkörper aus Aluminium verwendet. Dazu ist eine gut wärmeleitende Verbindung zwischen dem Leistungs-Halbleiterelement und dem Kühlkörper erforderlich, wobei in der Regel zusätzlich eine elektrische Isolierung benötigt wird. Um den Wärmewiderstand zwischen dem Leistungs-Halbleiterelement und dem Kühlkörper möglichst gering zu halten, sind verschiedene Pasten und Kleber, die im Bedarfsfall auch leitend sind, bekanntgeworden. Dennoch haben die Wärmeübertragungsmedien den größten Anteil am Wärmewiderstand des gesamten Aufbaus.

[0003] Aufgabe der vorliegenden Erfindung ist es, einen guten Wärmeübergang zwischen dem Leistungs-Halbleiterelement und dem Kühlkörper bei gleichzeitiger zuverlässiger elektrischer Isolierung sicherzustellen.

[0004] Diese Aufgabe wird erfindungsgemäß dadurch gelöst, daß auf einem Aluminiumträger eine Isolierschicht aus keramischem Werkstoff aufgebracht ist, auf welcher das Leistungs-Halbleiterelement angeordnet ist. Vorzugsweise ist dabei die Isolierschicht mit einem plasma-chemischen Verfahren aufgebracht. Eine Schichtstärke von vorzugsweise 5 æm bis 30 æm ermöglicht eine ausreichende elektrische Isolation bei einem möglichst geringen Wärmewiderstand.

[0005] Eine vorteilhafte Ausgestaltung der erfindungsgemäßen Anordnung besteht darin, daß das Leistungs-Halbleiterelement auf einer leitenden Schicht auf der Isolierschicht angeordnet ist. Die leitende Schicht kann eine übliche direkt - beispielsweise durch Siebdruck bzw. Dosieren - oder indirekt mit Abziehfolie aufgebrachte Leiterbahn sein. Zur Vervollständigung der das Leistungs-Halbleiterelement beinhaltenden Schaltung können in gleicher Weise auch weitere Leiterbahnen vorgesehen sein.

[0006] Die erfindungsgemäße Anordnung hat den Vorteil einer besseren thermischen Anbindung des Leistungs-Halbleiterelementes an den Kühlkörper und damit einer Reduzierung des Wärmewiderstandes. Es können bei gleichen Leistungsanforderungen kleinere und damit kostengünstigere Leistungs-Halbleiterelemente eingesetzt werden. Die Erfindung ermöglicht weiterhin eine Mischung zwischen Standardelektronik und Direktschicht auf Aluminium, wobei zur Verbindung Dickdrahtbonden geeignet ist.

[0007] Weitere vorteilhafte Ausgestaltungen bestehen darin, daß die leitende Schicht mit bei niedrigen Temperaturen schmelzenden Dickschichtpasten oder mit elektrisch leitfähigem Klebstoff hergestellt ist.

[0008] Die erfindungsgemäße Anordnung kann auch dahingehend weiter gebildet sein, daß auf der Isolierschicht ferner Schichtwiderstände angeordnet sind, die aus Polymer-Pasten bestehen.

[0009] Die Erfindung läßt zahlreiche Ausführungsformen zu. Eine davon ist schematisch in der Zeichnung dargestellt und nachfolgend beschrieben.

[0010] Die Zeichnung stellt das Ausführungsbeispiel schematisch dar, wobei wegen der besseren Erkennbarkeit die Schichten stärker als in Wirklichkeit dargestellt sind. Auf einem Kühlkörper 1 aus Aluminium ist eine isolierende Schicht 2 aus Keramik aufgebracht. Darauf befindet sich eine leitende Schicht in Form von Leiterbahnen 4 bis 6. Die Leiterbahn 5 trägt das Leistungs-Halbleiterelement 3, das elektrisch einerseits vorzugsweise durch Löten - mit der Leiterbahn 5 und andererseits über einen Bonddraht 8 mit der Leiterbahn 4 verbunden ist.

[0011] Die weiteren Leiterbahnen 6 und 7 sind über einen Dickschichtwiderstand 9 miteinander verbunden.

Patentansprüche

 Anordnung zur Kühlung eines Leistungs-Halbleiterelernentes,

dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß

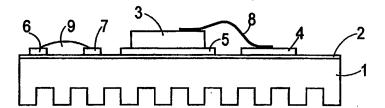
auf einem Aluminiumträger (1) eine Isolierschicht (2) aus keramischem Werkstoff aufgebracht ist, auf welcher das Leistungs-Halbleiterelement (3) angeordnet ist.

- Anordnung nach Anspruch 1,
 dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß
 die Isolierschicht (2) mit einem plasma-chemischen
 Verfahren aufgebracht ist.
- Anordnung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 oder 2, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß.
 das Leistungs-Halbleiterelement (3) auf einer leitenden Schicht (5) auf der Isolierschicht (2) angeordnet ist.
 - Anordnung nach Anspruch 3, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß die leitende Schicht (5) mit bei niedrigen Temperaturen schmelzenden Dickschichtpasten hergestellt
- 50 5. Anordnung nach Anspruch 3, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß die leitende Schicht (5) mit elektrisch leitfähigem Klebstoff hergestellt ist.
- 55 6. Anordnung nach einem der vorhergehenden Ansprüche, dadurch gekennzelchnet, daß

auf der Isolierschicht (2) ferner Schichtwiderstände

2

(9) angeordnet sind, die aus Polymer-Pasten bestehen.



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TITLE: Cooling device for power semiconductor device

has

4

ceramic insulating layer applied to aluminum

carrier e.g.

by plasma-chemical technique

INVENTOR: MATTMANN, E; THYZEL, B

PATENT-ASSIGNEE: SIEMENS AG[SIEI]

PRIORITY-DATA: 2001DE-1018384 (April 12, 2001)

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PUB-NO PUB-DATE LANGUAGE

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ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: EP 1249869A

BASIC-ABSTRACT:

NOVELTY - The cooling device comprises an aluminum carrier (1) to

which an

insulating layer (2) made of ceramic material is applied. The power

semiconductor device (3) is arranged on the insulating layer. The
insulating

layer may be applied using a plasma-chemical technique. The <u>power</u>
<u>semiconductor</u> device may be arranged on a conductive layer (5) on the
insulating layer. The conductive layer may be made from a <u>thick-film</u>
paste

that melts at low temperatures, or from conductive adhesive. Film resistors

made of **polymer** paste may be arranged on the insulating layer.

USE - For cooling a semiconductor device using a heat sink.

ADVANTAGE - Good heat transfer between the **power semiconductor** device and the **heat sink**, while ensuring reliable electrical insulation.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows a cross-sectional view of the device.

Aluminum carrier 1

Insulating layer 2

Power semiconductor device 3

Conductive layer 5

CHOSEN-DRAWING: Dwg.1/1

TITLE-TERMS: COOLING DEVICE POWER SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICE CERAMIC

INSULATE LAYER

APPLY ALUMINIUM CARRY PLASMA CHEMICAL TECHNIQUE

DERWENT-CLASS: U11

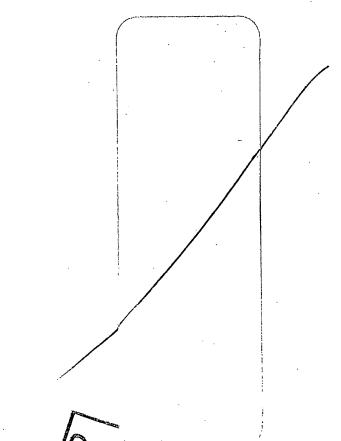
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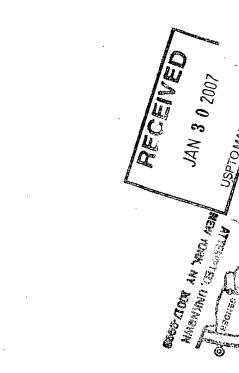
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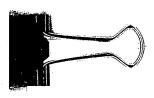
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